Year 5 (9-10years)

Strand 1	Strand 2	Strand 3	Strand 4	Strand 5	
Individual Pursuits	Movement composition	Games	Adventure challenges	Health Related Fitness	
The development of basic motor skills and the body's capacity for movement through locomotor and manipulative skills and/or field, swimming); recognizing a high level of achievement and how to improve a performance	Recognizing that movements can be linked together and refined to create a sequence of aesthetic movements. Movements can be in response to stimuli or performance elements and/or criteria and can communicate feelings, emotions and ideas.	Recognizing the challenges presented by games; the importance of manipulating space; the categorizing of games; identifying and developing appropriate skills and strategies; recognizing the importance of rules and how they define the nature of a game; modifying existing games and creating new games; teamwork	A variety of tasks requiring the use of physical and critical-thinking skills by individuals and/or groups; challenges that require groups to work together collaboratively in order to solve problems and accomplish a common goal; recognizing the role of the individual in group problem solving.	Recognizing and appreciating the importance of maintaining a healthy lifestyle; the body's response to exercise including the interaction of body systems and the development of physical fitness.	
Overall Expectations	Overall Expectations	Overall Expectations	Overall Expectations	Overall Expectations	
1. Practise and develop basic activities of running (in sprint and long distances and in relays), throwing (Shot Put) and jumping (High Jump). 2. Be given the opportunities for guidance in measuring, comparing and improving their own performance. 3. Experience competitions, including those they make up for themselves. 4. Understand the importance of safety regarding these activities. 5. Children will be given the opportunity to swim the different swimming styles, namely: crawl, backstroke, breaststroke, dolphin kick and butterfly. They will experience moving in a prone or supine position with or without equipment (using the water tubes or boards), breathing sideways, submerge, see and pick up objects, enter water by jumping or in a sitting position or diving.	1. Spatial awareness. 2. Include contrasts of speed, shape effort and use of space to enhance performance. 3. Feel and understand how body parts work to support, receive and transfer body weight. 4. Learn safe, traditional skills e.g. rolls, cartwheels, values and balances. 5. Revise correct, safe grips and hand holds on apparatus. 6. Create sequences with simple to complex shapes in small groups. 7. Be able to prepare, practise and revise their movement composition.	1. Understand skills and principles of attack; defence and invasion. 2. Improve skills of throwing, catching, passing, shooting and travelling with the ball. 3. Develop their own game practices. Working towards objectives decided by the teacher and themselves. 4. Make up, play and refine their won games within limits, considering and developing rules and scoring system.	1. Children will be taught the principles of safety in the outdoor activities and develop the ability to assess and respond to challenges in a variety of contexts and conditions. 2. Cooperative games and activities. Students will participate in group activities to accomplish a common goal.	1. To understand the importance of regular physical activity for physical, social and emotional health. 2. To become aware of how their body reacts in different situations (Running, standing or during a prolonged activity). 3. The ability to know how to take their pulse rate and to understand why it increases.	
Conceptual	Conceptual	Conceptual	Conceptual	Conceptual	

understandings	understandings	understandings	understandings	understandings
Active Living (Phase 4) 1. Setting personal goals and developing plans to achieve these goals can enhance performance. 2. Appropriate application of skills is vital to effective performance.	Active Living (Phase 4) 1. Complexity and style adds aesthetic value to performance.	Interactions (Phase 4) 1. An effective group can accomplish more than a set of individuals. 2. An individual can experience both intrinsic satisfaction and personal growth from interactions. 3. Individuals can extend and challenge their current understanding by engaging with the ideas and perspectives of others.	Identity (Phase 4) 1. A person's self-worth is reinforced and reflected in engagement with and / or service to others. 2. A strong sense of self-efficacy enhances human accomplishments and personal well-being. 3. Coping with situations of change, challenge and adversity develops our resilience.	Active Living (Phase 4) 1. Identifying and participating in activities we enjoy can motivate us to maintain a healthy lifestyle. 2. There is a connection between exercise, nutrition and physical well-being.
Learner Outcomes 1. Exhibit effective decision-making processes in the application of skills during physical activity.	Learner Outcomes 1. Introduce greater complexity and refinements to improve the quality of a movement sequence.	Learner Outcomes 1. Reflect critically on the effectiveness of the group during and at the end of the process. 2. Build on previous experiences to improve group performance.	Learner Outcomes 1. Recognize, analyse and apply different strategies to cope with adversity. 2. Recognize how a person's identity affects self-worth. 3. Understand the role of and strategies for optimism in the development of their well-being. 4. Embrace a strong sense of self-efficacy that enhances their accomplishments, attitudes and personal well-being.	Learner Outcomes 1. Identify realistic goals and strategies to improve personal fitness. 2. Reflect and act upon their preferences for physical activities in leisure time. 3. Understand the interdependence of factors that can affect health and well-being.
Attitudes 1. Commitment in their effort to improve their technique and performance. 2. Independence in children making their own judgements and reflection about their ability to learn new skills and to improve them.	Attitudes 1. Cooperation in groups to create and perform their sequence. 2. Creativity which will be used and encouraged in the making of spectacular and unique movement compositions.	Attitudes 1. Empathy in order to understand other people's feelings and emotions; also understand that other people can be right. 2. Respect the decisions taken within the group; rules and regulations of the games.	Attitudes 1. Confidence in believing on their own capacities and capabilities in trying new and challenging tasks. 2. Curiosity in finding out what they can do when facing new game situations.	Attitudes 1. Enthusiasm of the children to practise physical activities on a regular basis to promote a healthy lifestyle.

Athletics	Gymnastics	Games	Challenging games	Health related activities
1. Sprint- Sprint start with the	FLOORWORK AND APPARATUS	Invasion game- Handball	1. Cardinal points and compass	1. Children will learn to take their
crouch position and using the	WORK	1. Rondo games to improve the	reading.	pulse rate; understand the changes
starting block, the drive phase and	1. Learn and improve simple to	passing, receiving and space	2. Undertake simple orientation	happening to their body while doing a
the acceleration phase. Children	more complex traditional gymnastic	awareness of children.	activities: map drawing and treasure	physical activity.
will learn to manipulate the starting	skills including rolls (forward,	2. Ball circulation or possession	hunt	2. Take decision to play more physical
block to have an effective and quick	backward, cartwheels), balances (in	game.	3. Children will explore the potential	games at home and at school in order
start. They will also learn to use	pairs or small groups), and shapes	3. Shooting at goal to promote	for physical activities within their	to spend less time doing sedentary
their strongest foot to push for an	(hand or head stand).	accuracy and power shooting.	immediate environment.	activities.
effective start.	2. Learn safe ways to land, grip,	4. Small sided games where children	(For example: climbing using ropes,	Ex: Card game; cat, mouse and dogs;
Games like the wolf and rabbit or	travel and balance.	will be able to apply their skills in a	mountain climbing, and park trail).	hooking game.
catch the tail will be used to	3. Plan, practice, improve,	match situation.	4. Problem-solving activities: blind	3. Fill and monitor a physical activities
improve or reinforce the skills	remember and be able to repeat the	5. Coaching work- children will be	folded games, capture the flag and	diary.
mentioned above.	longer sequences in pairs or in	able to observe, record data, find	move an object from one place to	4. Help the children understand the
2. Shot Put – Children will learn to	groups.	solutions to problems, devise	another in small groups.	importance of hydration; nutrition
master the grip by using the real	4. Create their own patterns;	strategies to improve game, present		and rest are all important in a healthy
implement. Drills will be done for	improve their performance	findings and apply strategies in		lifestyle.
the children to use an effective	according to feedback.	game situation.		
power position in order to throw				
the implement for distance by using				
modified Shot Put implement and				
the medicine ball. The medicine ball				
will used for the students to				
improve the trajectory of the				
implement.				
3. High Jump – the approach, take-				
off (scissors style) and landing are				
the different phases that the				
children will learn for their jumping				
event. Activities will be done for the				
children to find their best take-off				
foot, mastering the approach with				
the 7 steps protocol, take-off drills				
over a 50-80cm bar and the use of				
the proper jumping equipment				
which will help the children to apply				
skills in order to go higher.				
4. Endurance running- the card				
game; rock, paper and scissors				
game; obstacle course, pair or				
group work along a journey to				
promote pace working and stamina.				
This strand will lead on to the Cross				
country of 1.5Km.				
Swimming				

5. Dive in a hoop without touching		
it, kick board drills to improve		
displacement on prone or supine		
position, equilibrium games using		
the spaghettis, creating shapes on		
the belly or the back with or		
without equipment, submerge and		
collect objects in deep or shallow		
water, 4 swimming strokes: crawl,		
backstroke, breaststroke and		
butterfly or dolphin action.		

Overview of where PE integrates with the Units of Inquiry

Who we are	Where we are in time and place	How we express ourselves	How the world works	How we organize ourselves	Sharing the planet

Hawkall
Handball
(Responsibility and Function)
Coaching work:
Children will be in different
groups with different roles. 1
group will be players and the
other group will be the coaches.
The coaching team will have the
responsibility to assign roles, ex:
observer, recorder, presenter
and scribe to the members of
the team. Their job is to record
very single data that might help
the team playing to improve
their performance – individual
or team wise.
Emphasis will be laid on the skills
of the players, space awareness
and tactical content of the
game.